

PRESIDENT AND MRS. GALT WED IN PRESENCE OF THEIR FAMILIES; HONEYMOON AT HOT SPRINGS, VA.

Service Is Read by Rev. Dr. Herbert Scott Smith, Assisted by Rev. James H. Taylor.

Bride, for Twenty Years a Resident of This City, Is Given Away by Her Mother— Wears Gown of Black Velvet.

Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, and Mrs. Edith Bolling Galt, widow of Norman Galt, and for twenty years a resident of Washington closely identified with its interests, were married last night at the home of the bride, 1308 20th street northwest, in the simplest manner that has ever characterized the nuptials here of a chief executive of the nation.

Immediately after the ceremony they left Washington for a honeymoon trip of two weeks at Hot Springs, Va.

WEDDING GOWN OF BLACK VELVET.

The ceremony, which was performed by Rev. Dr. Herbert Scott Smith, pastor of St. Margaret's Episcopal Church, of which the bride is a member, and at which Rev. James H. Taylor, pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, assisted, the President being a Presbyterian and a member of that church, took place at 8:30 o'clock in the evening. The President was attired in the conventional evening dress, and his bride wore an afternoon gown of black velvet combined with embroidery of various shades of blue. She wore a large picture hat of black beaver.

The wedding took place in a bower erected in a bay window of the drawing room, transformed for the occasion by a wonderful floral display, of which orchids were the principal feature, and a background of apparently naturally growing ferns, the President and his bride exchanging vows on a prieuieu which has been used on several wedding occasions at the White House.

Was a Family Affair.

The phrase, "a family affair," might best describe and characterize the ceremony, in which Washingtonians, notwithstanding the reserved nature of the bride, have taken a deep interest, not only because many residents of the city are personally acquainted with the President, but because of the fact that the bride has many personal friends in Washington. The ceremony, which was performed by Rev. Dr. Herbert Scott Smith, pastor of St. Margaret's Episcopal Church, of which the bride is a member, and at which Rev. James H. Taylor, pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, assisted, the President being a Presbyterian and a member of that church, took place at 8:30 o'clock in the evening. The President was attired in the conventional evening dress, and his bride wore an afternoon gown of black velvet combined with embroidery of various shades of blue. She wore a large picture hat of black beaver.

Given Away by Her Mother.

There were no attendants. The bride was escorted by the President to the improvised altar made by the prieuieu, and when the words "Who giveth this woman unto me in marriage?" were spoken by the officiating clergyman, Mrs. William H. Bolling, the bride's mother, stepped forward, and taking her daughter's hand, put it in that of the President.

No Souvenirs in Cake.

The superstitious took home small pieces of the cake, to "dream on," as there were no boxes of cake given as souvenirs. Many of these pieces of cake were taken as soon as the company disbanded and the President and his bride had left to the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. William H. Bolling, in the Cordova apartments, where there were gathered for the first time in almost twenty years the members of the large Bolling family, and a family reunion was held.

Gown of Beautiful Design.

The bride looked remarkably handsome in her gown of black velvet, ornamented with wonderful embroidery in shades of blue. The pattern of the embroidery was an intricate design of lilies, wrought in various shades of blue silk, from a deep royal blue to the most delicate of the pastel shades. Running through the pattern were threads of silver, and the stems and other prominent features of the flowers were picked out with turquoise.

Other Handsome Dresses.

Mrs. Richard Wilmer Bolling of Washington wore a charmingly dainty gown of white tulle combined with silver trimming. Mrs. Galt's gown is fashioned over flesh-colored silk and is made with a series of tunics, one over the other, the under gown being longer than the one over it, and so on to the top tunic, which reaches to about the knee. These tunics are cut irregularly about the

(Continued on Second Page.)

CHANCES FOR PRACTICAL CHARITY.

TO WHICH ONE OR TWO ALL?

OPPORTUNITIES FOR CHRISTMAS AID

NO. 1. BLIND GRANDFATHER AND MOTHER, WITH THREE CHILDREN UNDER 12 YEARS. AMOUNT NEEDED, \$75.00.

NO. 2. DESERTED WIFE AND FOUR CHILDREN. AMOUNT NEEDED, \$260.00.

NO. 3. MOTHER, TWO CHILDREN, TWO CHILDREN UNDER 12 YEARS. AMOUNT NEEDED, \$312.00.

NO. 4. A DESERTED WIFE AND FOUR SMALL CHILDREN. AMOUNT NEEDED, \$364.00.

NO. 5. FATHER INCURABLY ILL, WIFE AND FOUR CHILDREN. AMOUNT NEEDED, \$260.00.

NO. 6. WIDOW WITH FIVE CHILDREN. AMOUNT NEEDED, \$416.00.

NO. 7. BLIND FATHER AND FATHER'S CHILDREN. AMOUNT NEEDED, \$156.00.

NO. 8. OLD GRANDFATHER, CHILDREN AND SIX CHILDREN. AMOUNT NEEDED, \$260.00.

NO. 9. BREADWINNER DEAD OF TUBERCULOSIS, WIFE AND SIX CHILDREN. AMOUNT NEEDED, \$260.00.

NO. 10. WIDOW AND THREE CHILDREN. AMOUNT NEEDED, \$312.00.

NO. 11. FRAIL WIDOW AND TWO CHILDREN. AMOUNT NEEDED, \$260.00.

NO. 12. A WIDOW WITH FOUR CHILDREN UNDER FOURTEEN. AMOUNT NEEDED, \$520.00.

NO. 13. BLIND FATHER, PARTLY PARALYSED, WIFE AND FOUR CHILDREN. AMOUNT NEEDED, \$520.00.

NO. 14. WIDOW, FOUR SMALL CHILDREN. AMOUNT NEEDED, \$312.00.

THINKS NATION PREPARED CAPTAIN AND CREW DROWN WHEN SLOOP UPSETS IN BAY

Representative Bailey, at Clark University, Excoriates "Spirit of Inflammatory Propaganda."

WORCESTER, Mass., December 18.—The sloop Lady Harrington of Oxford was making for port under full sail today, and when near Benois light, about two miles from Oxford, capsized in a heavy gale. Capt. Arzi Pope and his crew of six men were carried under the vessel. Pope succeeded in getting out and climbed on a box. Capt. Charles Parker of the bug-eye Bush saw the sloop go over and he hurried to the rescue. A line was thrown the master of the sloop, but he was so benumbed with cold that after having grasped it he was unable to hold on, and before other means of rescue could be devised he went down. All were drowned.

LID GOES ON IN CHICAGO TO REOPEN CANAL TODAY

Mayor Takes First Step to Eliminate Grafters From the Police Department.

CHICAGO, December 18.—The first step in a campaign to clean up the Chicago police department, which he declared, was honeycombed with graft and protection for criminals, was taken today by Mayor Thompson by calling into conference the chief of police, the assistant chief and the president of the city civil service commission.

PRIZEFIGHTERS ARE HELD IN U. S. PASSPORT CASE

LONDON, December 18.—Bob Spencer, a featherweight boxer, who recently attracted some attention in London, and Aaron Brown, an American negro boxer, known as Dixie Kid, were taken to Scotland Yard today charged for failing to obtain passports for their fight against the two men are connected with Spencer's application for a passport to America.

NOTED BELGIAN PUNISHED FOR INSULTING GERMAN

LONDON, December 18.—According to Brussels advices to the Amsterdam Telegram, forwarded by Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent, M. Solvay, president of the Belgian Academy of Letters, has been sentenced to three months imprisonment on the charge of having insulted a German officer.

Letter Mailed in 1863 in Illinois Is Delivered to Destination Yesterday

LOS ANGELES, Cal., December 18.—A letter written by the Rev. Samuel Ward of Neoga, Ill., November 6, 1860, the day he cast a ballot for "Good Abe" Lincoln, was received through the mails here today by Prof. W. D. Ward of Occidental College, a son of H. O. Ward of Zanesville, Ohio, the man to whom it was addressed. Where the letter went after it was mailed will remain a mystery.

War Footing for National Guard.

APPLETON, Wis., December 18.—A move to put the Wisconsin National Guard on a war footing was made today when orders were issued by the adjutant general increasing the maximum enlisted strength of all companies from 65 to 81 men, and stating that additional equipment will be issued as fast as the enlistments are made. The order also authorizes the organization of a signal corps company.

Mount Etna Again Active.

CATANIA, Sicily, December 17, 10:35 p.m.—Mount Etna is considerably active again and is emitting red-hot lava, which, streaming along the side of the mountain and melting the snow, produces a wonderful effect, especially at night. In addition, glowing cinders and smoke form an umbrella-shaped cloud above the volcano.

VILLA WITHDRAWS FROM REVOLUTION; IS COMING TO U. S.

Officers in Juarez Notified "to Take Care of Themselves."

HE WILL GO TO EUROPE IF STOPPED AT BORDER

All His Household Effects and His Wealth Have Been Moved to El Paso.

NO QUARTER FROM CARRANZA

Rebel Leader, in Giving Up Fight in Mexico, Declares He Has Been Surrounded by Traitors.

EL PASO, Tex., December 18.

Gen. Villa has quit the revolution and is expected at the border here tonight or tomorrow, according to apparently authentic reports from Chihuahua today. Officers of Villa's forces in Juarez were told to "take care of themselves."

Advised by His Generals.

According to the advices, the council of war held at Chihuahua for several days decided that Gen. Villa should retire and he was so informed. In answer Gen. Villa is reported as saying that he realized the time had come for his retirement.

To Get No Consideration.

Substantiation of the advices from Chihuahua appears in telegrams from Gen. Obregon dated at Guaymas on the western coast, quoting a telegram from a leading Villa general in full and stating that the Villa general had secured from Villa a promise to retire and asking a conference with Obregon upon the fate of the Villa organization's personnel.

Possessions in El Paso.

Miguel Diaz Lombardo, foreign minister of the Villa government, admitted the truth of the advices from Chihuahua, but declared that Gen. Villa would not retire to the United States.

Hero of His Soldiers.

Villa's methods of strategy, based largely on the guerrilla warfare of his bandit days, brought him success in every battle. Villa was a hero to his soldiers and they sang dozens of songs about his bravery and sternness as a disciplinarian.

Defeated by Obregon.

Up to that time Gen. Villa never had suffered a defeat, but shortly afterward he was opposed by the other military genius of Mexico developed by the revolution, Gen. Alvaro Obregon. Obregon's forces won a decided victory and Gen. Villa retired to Torreon. There he mobilized the forces left to him, but was forced to retire again into Sonora. His last real battle was fought at Agua Prieta, across the border from Douglas, Ariz., in August, 1914. The approach of the United States army against the action of the convention, Villa and Zapata joined forces and succeeded in defeating Obregon's army, forcing Carranza to withdraw to Vera Cruz.

Mrs. Villa Confirms Report.

Confirmation of the Chihuahua city reports of the retirement of Gen. Villa was brought by Mrs. Villa. She, it is said, declared that Gen. Villa had consented to retire from the revolution, but only temporarily, and that he would not come to the United States until a decision was reached as to whether he would be arrested and subjected to extradition proceedings, or whether he would be permitted to return to Mexico and again assume command. The question of the admission of Villa into the United States is a matter of some importance.

GERMANS PREPARE ADVANCE UPON ALL FRONTS, IT IS SAID

London Doubts, However, Kaiser Has Enough Men for Such Sweeping Action.

NEW TEUTONIC THRUST IN THE EAST REPORTED

2,000,000 Soldiers Now in Balkans Not Expected to Stay Idle Long.

ALLIED FRONT STATIONARY

Athens Attributes Halt of Bulgars and Germans on Greek Border to Enormous Losses Sustained.

LONDON, December 18.—

The week end finds the war situation bearing the outward appearance of comparative quietude, but if all current reports were true, the Germans would be preparing offensive movements in all directions—in Belgium and France, in Greece, against Egypt, on the Riga-Dvinsk front and in Galicia. British military critics believe, however, that the central powers have not enough available reserves for an offensive movement on more than one front. In fact, it is frequently argued in England that the central powers are approaching the last stratum of reserves in men, and must make a determined effort to obtain a victory over one of their enemies.

Situation in the East.

There is no lack of food for speculation, particularly on the eastern front, which now virtually stretches across two continents from north Russia to south Persia. In the extreme north there have been unofficial reports that the promised new German thrust between Riga and Dvinsk has already begun, but neither Berlin nor Petrograd confirms this in the official communications.

2,000,000 Men in Balkans.

In the Balkan zone the first chapter is closed, but with more than 2,000,000 men of a dozen different nations under arms it is not likely that the campaign will be made more quiet. On the fringes of the Balkans there is promise of new annoyances for the Bulgarians and Germans in the Italian operations through Albania and the Russian concentration in Bessarabia.

Along the Greek Border.

The situation on the Greek border is surrounded with the most obscurity. The complications, which diplomacy has recently been dealing with, are believed to be in a fair way of settlement. The Greek elections tomorrow appear not likely to be a serious factor in the elections to cause a change in Greek policy. But the threat of a German advance into Greece continues and provides numerous possibilities for upsets.

Allied Front Stationary.

A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Saloniki states that the entente allies' front remains stationary. The Bulgarians show no disposition to invade Greek territory and there are no signs of Austro-German activity. The prevailing opinion is that the Bulgarians will hesitate to enter Greece, while the Austro-Germans are unprepared for an offensive, if indeed they contemplate such a move.

Losses Blamed for Halt.

The Anglo-French forces in northern Greece are continuing their retirement toward Saloniki. The military authorities in Athens are said to attribute the halt in Serbian territory to the enormous losses sustained by Field Marshal von Mackensen's armies and those of Bulgaria. The German and Bulgarian forces are working diligently to repair the Serbian railroads.

Givigli Reported Pillaged.

According to Bulgarian despatches arriving at Saloniki it is reported from there to the Havas correspondent at Athens, Givigli was pillaged by Bulgarian troops, which afterward retired four miles from the town in fear of a bombardment by the allies. Fortification of the heights of Chalcedon and Presque Isle has been begun by the allies, the dispatch adds. The Athens correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company is authority for the statement that the Greek government has lodged a formal protest with the entente powers against the fortification of Saloniki by the allied forces.

(Continued on Nineteenth Page.)